

## Teachers' Development of Ownership: WP6

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# ***Standards of Professional Development***

**Professional Development is specified by :**

- \* Content Knowledge**
- \* Pedagogical Content Knowledge**
- \* Experiences**
- \* Dispositions**
- \* Ownership (in the new vision)**



***That teachers must have if they are to engage in teaching science***

# ***Conceptual Approach to the Teachers' Professional Development***

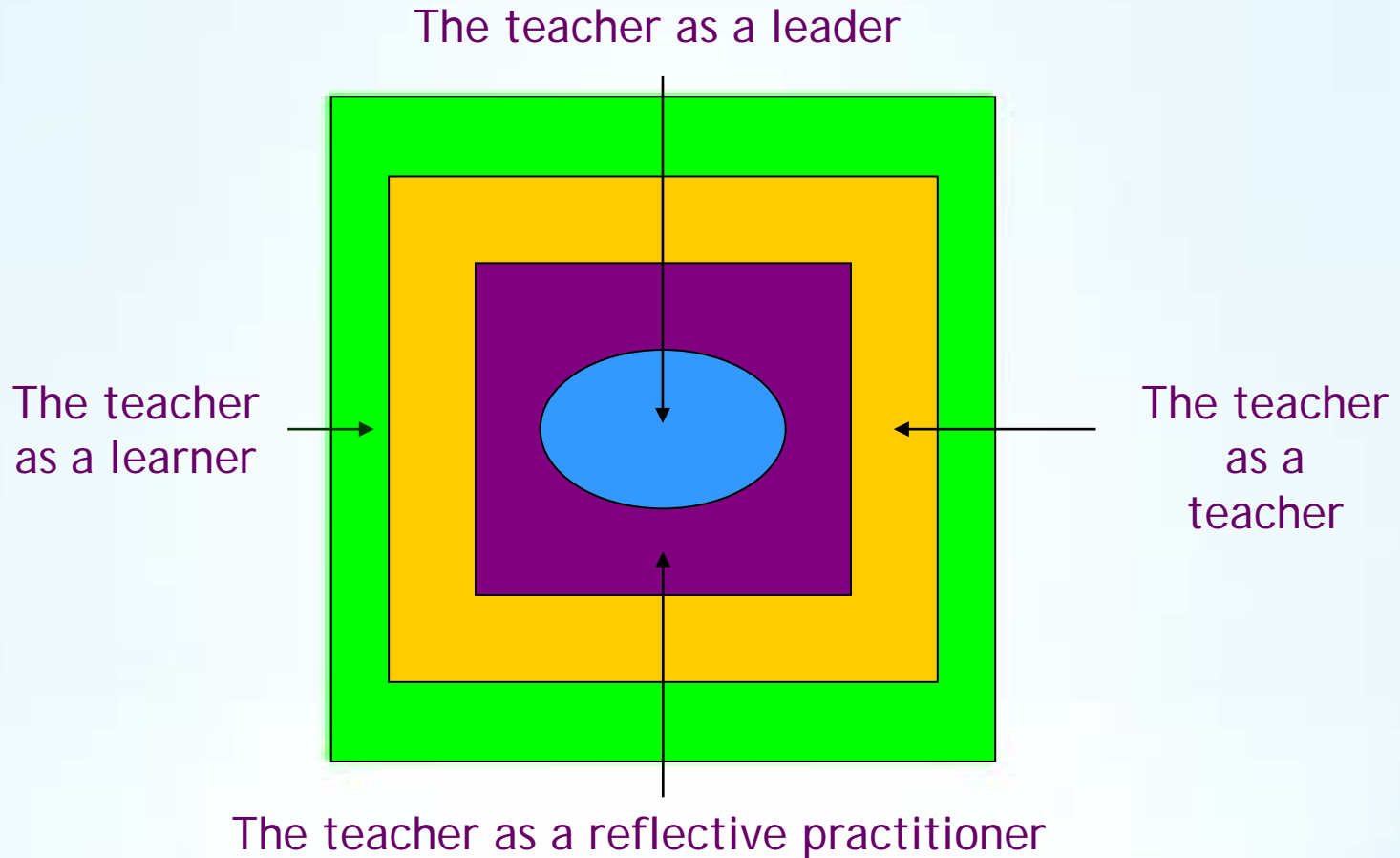
- ❖ **Providing teachers professional Support in innovative teaching approaches.**
- ❖ **Developing stronger teacher professionalization and enhancing the self-efficacy in teaching IBSE**



**Will lead to:**

**More enhanced teachers' ownership**

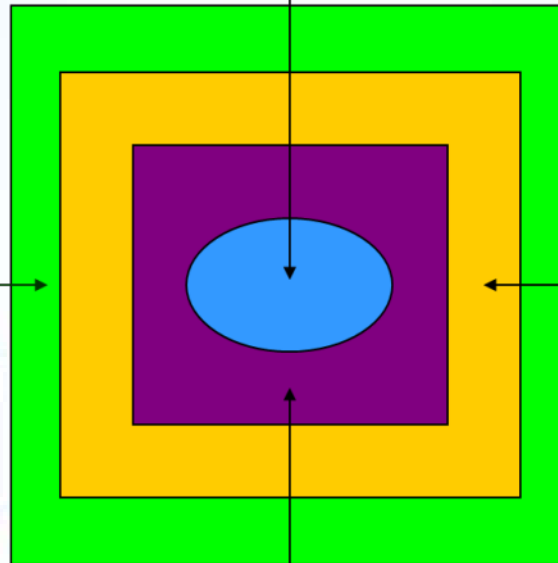
# *A workshop model for CPD providers*



# ***The PROFILES CPD Model***

4<sup>th</sup> front  
Developing self-efficacy and ownership to induce leadership

The teacher as a leader



The teacher as a learner

The teacher as a teacher

1<sup>st</sup> front  
Introducing the PARSEL philosophy working on one module; IBSE - focus

2<sup>nd</sup> front  
Introducing several PCK approaches, Discussing PROFILES ideas

The teacher as a reflective practitioner

3<sup>rd</sup> front  
Making PCK more explicit, Developing more reflective practices, Exploring teaching strategies

# ***1<sup>st</sup> Front: Adopting/or Developing a Module***

**I      Setting the scene**

**II      Inquiry-based science education:  
appropriate knowledge, skills, attitudes  
and/or values**

**III     Appropriate decision-making**

## **2<sup>nd</sup> Front: Developing the teachers' PCK**

- **Methods to vary the classroom instruction (enhance motivation).**
- **Teaching and learning by inquiry**
- **Alternative assessment methods cognitive and practical abilities and skills**
- **Implementation and dissemination of new curricula**
- **Coping with students' learning difficulties**

# **3<sup>rd</sup> Front: Self-Reflection on Teaching**

- ❖ **Reflective-type activities**
- ❖ **Planning a possible solution**
- ❖ **Implement the new plan**
- ❖ **Reflect on the outcomes**
- ❖ **Development of initial stages of “ownership”**



## ***4th front: Ownership***

**Innovations succeed when teachers feel a sense of ownership of the innovation, or that it belongs to them and is not simply imposed on them (Ogborn, 2002).**

**Ogborn, J. (2002). Ownership and transformation: teachers using curriculum innovations. *Physics Education*, 37, 142-146**

# ***The Development of Ownership among Science Teachers during the PROFILES Workshops***

- ❖ **The willingness to involve other teachers in school in the project**
- ❖ **Identifying one self with the news letter (published on the web)**
- ❖ **Involving the principle in the project (stakeholders).**

# ***Categories which Emerged from Teachers' Reflections***

- A. I feel empathy towards the project's objectives.**
  
- B. The project promoted my status among the teachers' community.**
  
- C. The development of the module enhanced my ownership feeling towards the project.**

***Fullan (1991), Defined Leadership as:***

***“The ability of a person to bring about Changes among teachers and teaching”***

## ***Prepare Teachers to Serve in Leadership Roles:***

- ❖ Planning and implementing professional development opportunities for themselves and others.
- ❖ Acting as agents of change
- ❖ Promoting a shared vision of science education.
- ❖ Supporting other teachers in school or region

## ***Pratt (2001)***

***There are four basic skills relevant for effective leaders:***

- (1) Technical skills**
- (2) Conceptual skills**
- (3) Interpersonal skills**
- (4) Self-learning skills**

***These are in someway aligned with the Bell & Gilbert (1994) model for Professional Development. Stating that this should be a long-life learning process allowing teachers to develop***

- ★ Personally**
- ★ Professionally**
- ★ Socially**

***Based on Several Years Experience with CPD We came to Conclude that the Most Effective Models are:***

- 1. Action research:*** In which the teacher in collaboration with science educators research their own classes.
- 2. The teacher as a curriculum developers:*** In which they are intensively involved in the various curriculum development stages
- 3. Focus groups:*** In which the teacher in collaboration with other teachers as a community of practice.

# ***Community of Practice***

